2 to 10% tap ratio, directivity

(patent pending)









The Tap Optical Power Monitor is a hybrid fiber optical passive component that integrates a thin-film tap of flat spectral response with a high sensitivity PIN photodiode for power monitoring applications. The Power Monitor minimizes component assembly costs and module footprint while increasing module design efficiency by facilitating fiber Management.

The Power Monitor combines the functionality of an optical coupler and a photodiode while delivering low insertion loss and low dark current with high temperature stability over a wide wavelength range. Our directional version works well from 1260nm to 1620nm band.

Due to their high sensitivity to electrostatic discharge, warranty coverage applies only to fully metal covered modules the benchtops, which include proper protection. Other versions of the lasers and photodetectors are not covered by any warranty. Please use them with great caution.

## **Applications**

- DWDM Channel Monitoring
- Power Monitoring in Optical
- Interface Modules
- Gain Monitoring for Amplifier
- EDFAs and Raman amplifiers
- Compact Design

#### **Features**

- Easy for Integrating
- Low Loss Device
- Compact Design
- Low dark current
- Hermetically sealed

## **Specifications**

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operation Wavelength	300		2400	nm
Responsivity [1]	5	20	60	mA/W
Polarization Stability [2]	0.1	0.2	0.25	dB
Insertion Loss	0.2	0.6	0.8	dB
Polarization Dependent Loss [3]			0.01	dB
Extinction Ratio [4]	23			dB
Directivity [5]	25	28	40	dB
Return Loss		55		dB
Max Optical Power		500		W
Dark Current@-5V, 23C			1	nA
3dB bandwidth@-5V bias	10	200	2000	MHz
Capacitance			10	pF
Max. Forward Current		10		mA
Max. Reverse Current		5		mA
Max. Reverse Voltage		10		٧
Operating Temperature	-10		80	°C
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C

#### Notes:

- [1]. It is tap ratio depended. 2% ~10mA/W, 5% ~20mA/W, 10% ~60mA/W. Responsivity > 7 mA/W for
- [2]. PDR, responsivity variation with polarization, only for polarization independent version.
- [3]. PDL for polarization independent version.
- [4]. ER for polarization maintaining version.
- [5]. The responsivity ratio between forward and backward directed light.

Warning: The device is extremely ESD-sensitive. Its dark current increases by unprotected handling. It is recommended to be handled under a certified ion fan once the package is removed.

Legal notices: All product information is believed to be accurate and is subject to change without notice. Information contained herein shall legally bind Agiltron only if it is specifically incorporated into the terms and conditions of a sales agreement. Some specific combinations of options may not be available. The user assumes all risks and liability whatsoever in connection with the use of a product or its application.

Rev 11/28/25





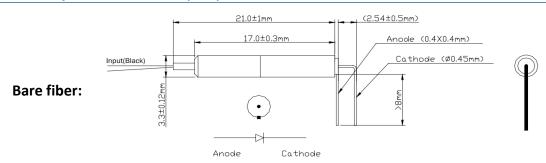




(patent pending)



#### **Mechanical Footprint Dimensions (mm)**



Note:
Anode is connected to the metal housing.

Loose tube:

Input(Blue)

Cathode (0.4X0.4mm)

Cathode (\$\phi 0.45mm\$)

Anode Cathode

Note:

Anode is connected to the metal housing.

### **Ordering Information**

Prefix	Tap Ratio	Wavelength	Bandwidth	Fiber Cover	Fiber Type	Fiber Length	Connector [1]
МОРМ-	2% = 02 Special = 00	1260-1620 = 1 Special = 0	0.5G = 5 2.0G = 2	Bare fiber = 1 Loose tube = 2 Special = 3	SMF-28 = 1 PM1550 = 2 Special = 0	0.25m = 1 0.5 m = 2 1.0 m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0

[1]. Regular fiber connector has PER ~22dB. Connector with PER >27 dB is available using special process

#### Note

☐ PM1550 fiber works well for 1310nm



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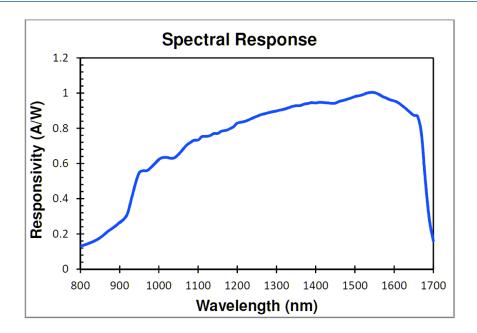
<sup>\*</sup>Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

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#### **Spectral Response**



#### **Application Notes**

#### **Fiber Core Alignment**

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

#### Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 μm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

#### **Maximum Optical Input Power**

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.

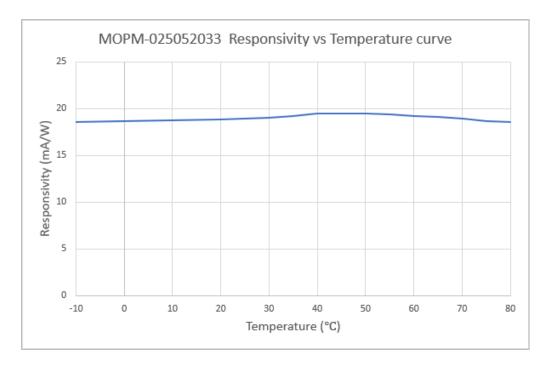
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### **Typical Temperature Dependence**







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#### **Caution Electrostatic Sensitivity**



- Never touch laser diode and the module using hands
- Always use protections when handle a laser diode
- Recommend mounting the laser diode using an ionic gun and ESD finger cots





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### **Laser Safety**

This product meets the appropriate standard in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). FDA/CDRH Class 1M laser product. This device has been classified with the FDA/CDRH under accession number 0220191. All versions of this laser are Class 1M laser products, tested according to IEC 60825-1:2007 / EN 60825-1:2007. An additional warning for Class 1M laser products. For diverging beams, this warning shall state that viewing the laser output with certain optical instruments (for example eye loupes, magnifiers, and microscopes) within a distance of 100 mm may pose an eye hazard. For collimated beams, this warning shall state that viewing the laser output with certain instruments designed for use at a distance (for example telescopes and binoculars) may pose an eye hazard.

Wavelength =  $1.3/1.5 \mu m$ .

Maximum power = 30 mW.



\*Caution - Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



<sup>\*</sup>IEC is a registered trademark of the International Electrotechnical Commission.